

Skopje, 21 November 2024

#### **Press Release**

### Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: October 2024

- In October 2024, the **broad money (monetary aggregate M3<sup>1,2</sup>)** increased by 1.6% on a monthly basis, due to the increase in demand deposits, short-term deposits and long-term deposits up to two years, amid decline in currency in circulation. Annually, broad money increased by 9.1%, largely due to the increase in demand deposits, amid positive contribution of long-term deposits up to two years and currency in circulation, while short-term deposits declined.
- In October, total deposits<sup>3</sup> registered a monthly increase of 1.7%, due to the growth of
  deposits in both sectors, which is more pronounced in the corporate sector. The annual
  growth of total deposits of 11.0% is due to the increased deposits of both sectors, with a
  more pronounced contribution of the household sector.

Table 1. Broad money and total non-government sector deposits

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		stoo	cks (in million i	VC)			annual ch	anges chang	jes (in %)		monthly changes (in %)					
	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	
Broad Money M4	595,151	591,336	607,881	616,771	626,829	8.7	9.5	7.6	8.6	10.7	4.3	-0.7	0.5	-0.7	1.6	
Broad Money M3	529,264	521,804	535,985	540,047	548,828	5.9	6.6	5.4	6.7	9.1	4.5	-0.9	0.4	-1.2	1.6	
of which:																
Currency in Circulation	50,002	49,336	51,377	52,062	51,892	5.3	8.6	7.6	9.9	10.7	7.5	1.5	2.2	-1.9	-0.3	
Demand deposits	211,402	202,074	211,126	212,711	216,583	12.4	11.4	8.8	11.3	14.5	10.0	-1.9	0.3	-0.9	1.8	
Short-term deposits	215,860	215,551	215,501	212,930	215,479	0.6	1.0	0.1	-2.0	-0.3	-0.5	-1.1	0.2	-2.3	1.2	
Long-term deposits up to 2 years	51,999	54,842	57,981	62,345	64,875	4.5	10.8	12.7	23.9	27.7	2.1	1.4	0.0	3.0	4.1	
Total Deposits	534,241	531,140	544,683	555,602	564,962	8.7	9.3	7.2	8.8	11.0	4.0	-0.9	0.4	-0.4	1.7	
of which:					***************************************											
Corporations	161,432	150,674	153,830	158,056	163,182	13.2	12.2	4.7	4.7	10.0	concentration and	enconstruction and the contraction of	1.0	-0.5	3.2	
In national currency	109,266	100,009	103,684	107,476	112,523	15.8	12.5	5.6	leconomico con consecuent	14.8	8.5	racanonaracanonaracan	1.7	0.6	4.7	
In foreign currency	52,166	50,664	50,146	50,580	50,659	8.2	11.4	2.8	-1.5	0.6	2.7	0.1	-0.4	-2.8	0.2	
Households	348,745	354,741	364,432	372,219	374,889	7.9	8.7	8.9	11.2	11.7	3.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.7	
In national currency	173,5 <del>4</del> 3	177,631	184,627	190,026	191,184	11.8	13.7	13.1	18.0	18.2	6.4	0.6	-0.6	-0.3	0.6	
In foreign currency	175,201	177,109	179,805	182,194	183,704	4.4	4.0	4.8	4.9	5.6	0.7	-0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The National Bank has been using the monetary aggregate M3 as a new standard definition of broad money since June 2018. The monetary aggregate M4 will continue to be calculated and published for analytical purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Monetary aggregate M1 includes currency in circulation and demand deposits. Monetary aggregate M2 is composed of monetary aggregate M1 and short-term deposits, whereas the monetary aggregate M3 (broad money), besides the monetary aggregate M2, includes deposits with maturity from one to two years. Consequently, monetary aggregate M4 contains monetary aggregate M3 and long-term deposits with maturity over two years. For more details see the Methodology at: <a href="https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf">https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total deposits consist of all deposits included in the monetary aggregate M4, belonging to the corporate sector, households, other financial institutions, non-profit institutions serving to households and local government.

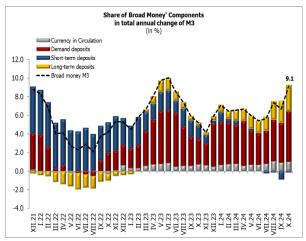


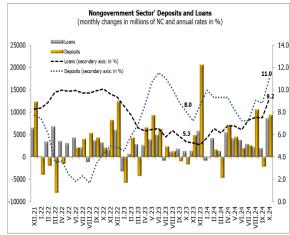
In October, **total loans** grew by 1.8% and 9.2%, on a monthly and annual basis, respectively. The monthly and annual change is a result of the increased lending to both sectors, amid more pronounced contribution to the growth of corporate loans.

Table 2 Total loans of the non-government sector

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		sto	cks (in million l	NC)			annual ch	anges chang	ges (in %)		monthly changes (in %)					
	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	
Total Loans	444,721	449,251	462,435	469,266	477,837	5.1	6.1	6.4	7.5	9.2	1.3	0.3	0.8	0.4	1.8	
of which:																
Corporations	212,768	214,268	221,765	223,900	230,277	3.3	5.4	5.8	7.5	10.4	2.2	0.0	0.6	-0.1	2.8	
In national currency	131,089	134,280	144,110	149,795	156,801	7.1	11.9	16.2	19.7	23.6	2.7	1.0	2.6	0.9	4.7	
In foreign currency	81,679	79,988	77,656	74,104	73,476	-2.3	-3.9	-9.3	-10.9	-10.0	1.4	-1.7	-2.8	-2.1	-0.8	
Households	229,404	232,313	238,057	242,919	245,198	6.7	6.8	7.1	7.7	8.2	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.9	
In national currency	125,223	126,809	130,453	133,210	134,486	5.1	5.8	7.2	7.6	8.1	0.0	0.3	1.2	0.8	1.0	
In foreign currency	104,180	105,504	107,603	109,709	110,713	8.8	8.1	7.0	7.8	8.4	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	

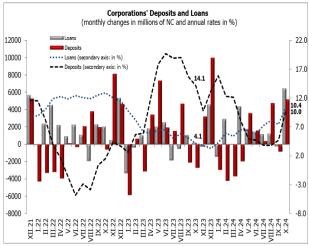
Source: NBRNM.





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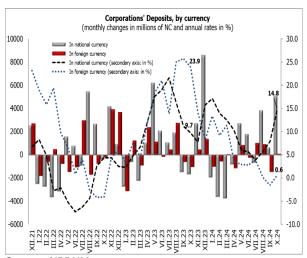
### 1. Deposits and loans of the corporate sector<sup>4</sup>

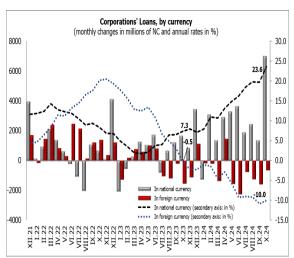


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For the purposes of this press release, corporate sector includes public and private non-financial corporations.



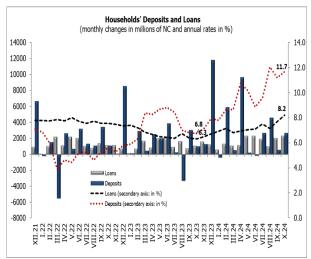
- In October, total **corporate deposits** grew monthly by 3.2%, primarily due to higher demand deposits and short-term denar deposits, amid growth of long-term deposits, while short-term foreign currency deposits declined. On an annual basis, corporate deposits increased by 10.0%, largely due to the growth of demand deposits, with additional positive contribution of long-term and short-term denar deposits, while short-term foreign currency deposits decreased.
- This month, corporate loans<sup>5</sup> registered a monthly growth of 2.8%, amid annual growth of 10.4%, respectively. The monthly and annual change is entirely due to the increased denar lending, amid decline in foreign currency loans.





Source: NBRNM.

### 2. Deposits and loans of the households<sup>6</sup>

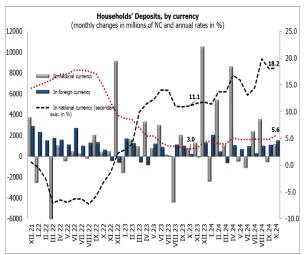


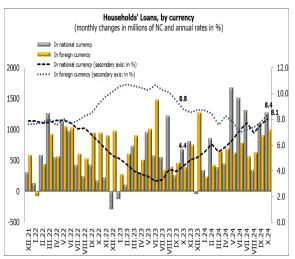
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Starting from June 2018, and according to the new methodology, data on financial instruments in denars with FX clause have been included in the foreign currency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For the purposes of this press release, households refer to individuals and self-employed professionals.



- In October, total **household deposits** increased monthly by 0.7%, entirely due to the growth of long-term denar and foreign currency deposits, amid decline in short-term deposits and demand deposits. The annual growth of 11.7% was due to the higher demand deposits and long-term denar and foreign currency deposits, while short-term deposits decreased.
- In October, household loans registered a monthly and annual increase of 0.9% and 8.2%, respectively. The change on both bases is due to the growth of denar and foreign currency loans, with a larger contribution of denar loans.





Source: NBRNM.

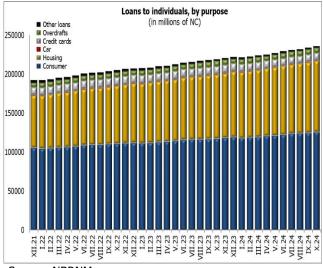




Table 2 Bank and savings house loans granted to individuals, by purpose

	Stocks (in millions of NC)						annu	al changes (i			monthly changes (in %)					
	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	12.2023	3.2024	6.2024	9.2024	10.2024	
Consumer loans	119,868	119,858	122,857	125,233	126,322	6.5	5.8	5.8	6.7	7.2	1.1	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.9	
Housing loans	83,891	85,555	87,920	90,191	91,164	10.5	10.4	10.2	11.0	11.3	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.1	
Car loans	399	399	419	430	434	11.4	13.1	14.6	13.5	13.6	2.7	1.8	2.1	-0.6	0.9	
Credit cards	9,835	9,459	9,332	9,184	9,199	-4.7	-6.8	-8.0	-9.0	-8.5	-1.9	-0.8	-0.3	-0.8	0.2	
Overdrafts	6,000	6,820	6,846	6,857	6,956	0.6	6.1	7.9	-1.9	-0.8	-13.8	2.3	5.7	4.6	1.5	
Other loans	1,782	1,658	1,579	1,563	1,570	-19.3	-21.2	-18.8	-17.5	-16.1	-2.5	-1.7	-2.0	0.7	0.4	

Source: NBRNM.

In October, considering the purpose of loans granted to individuals, consumer and housing loans, as the most common categories, increased monthly by 0.9% and 1.1%, respectively, and annually by 7.2% and 11.3%, respectively. This month, car loans registered a monthly and annual increase of 0.9% and 13.6%, respectively. In October, loans on credit cards and overdrafts increased monthly by 0.2% and 1.5%, respectively, while annually they decreased by 8.5% and 0.8%, respectively. Loans granted on other basis registered a monthly increase of 0.4%, amid annual decline of 16.1%.

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#### **Supporting information**

Time series of data: Balance sheets and list of depository institutions, monthly data https://www.nbrm.mk/monetarna\_statistika-en.nspx

#### Methodological explanations:

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf

Information on methodological changes in the monetary statistics, the statistics of the other financial corporations and the interest rates statistics:

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/informacii/Informacija za promeni vo monetarnat a statistika enq.pdf



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Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: 20 December 2024 (reference period as of November 2024).

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