

Skopje, 20 April 2023

#### **Press Release**

### Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: March 2023

- In March 2023, the **broad money (monetary aggregate M3<sup>1,2</sup>)** decreased by 1.0% on a monthly basis, largely as a result of the decrease in the short-term deposits and demand deposits, as well as the long-term deposits up to two years, although smaller, while the currency in circulation registered a growth. On an annual basis, the broad money increased by 6.6%, primarily as a result of the higher demand deposits and short-term deposits, given additional positive contribution of other components, as well.
- In March, the total deposits<sup>3</sup> registered a monthly decrease of 0.9%, arising from the reduced corporate deposits. Annually, total deposits increased by 6.8%, as a result of the increase in deposits in both sectors, with a larger contribution of the household sector.

Table 1 Broad money and total non-government sector deposits

Table I bload more	T'	cks (in million I				al changes (		monthly changes (in %)					
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	12.2022	2.2023	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023
Broad Money M4	547,355	543,582	540,127	2.8	1.4	2.9	5.1	6.9	-1.7	0.5	0.8	3.0	-0.6
Broad Money M3	499,803	494,594	489,661	4.0	2.3	3.7	5.3	6.6	-1.8	0.7	0.9	2.8	-1.0
of which:													
Currency in Circulation	47,494	44,815	45,437	-1.4	0.0	-0.7	6.8	6.3	-1.3	1.3	-0.3	9.6	1.4
Demand deposits	188,036	183,568	181,413	0.8	-0.5	3.1	5.8	10.4	-4.4	1.0	2.4	4.1	-1.2
Short-term deposits	214,490	216,169	213,313	11.8	10.3	8.9	6.8	4.6	0.8	0.4	-0.3	0.9	-1.3
Long-term deposits up to 2 years	49,782	50,042	49,497	-8.5	-14.8	-9.3	-3.8	2.5	-3.6	-0.2	1.9	0.0	-1.1
Total Deposits	491,537	490,072	485,889	3.5	1.8	3.4	4.9	6.8	-1.7	0.4	0.9	2.6	-0.9
of which:					***************************************	######################################							
Corporations	142,627	137,433	134,347	3.9	-4.8	0.4	3.7	5.9	-2.4	-0.2	1.5	3.3	-2.2
In national currency	94,395	91,071	88,863	-2.7	-7.3	2.6	2.5	6.7	-4.2	0.9	3.1	1.0	-2.4
In foreign currency	48,232	46,363	45,484	19.4	0.8	-4.2	6.1	4.4	1.1	-2.5	-1.7	8.2	-1.9
Households	323,084	326,064	326,468	3.9	5.2	5.3	5.8	8.4	-1.8	1.0	1.1	2.7	0.1
In national currency	155,215	155,232	156,175	-7.1	-6.2	-5.8	2.2	9.9	-4.8	0.3	1.4	6.2	0.6
In foreign currency	167,869	170,832	170,293	16.1	17.8	17.1	9.3	7.0	1.1	1.7	0.8	-0.3	-0.3

Source: NBRNM.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The National Bank has been using the monetary aggregate M3 as a new standard definition of broad money since June 2018. The monetary aggregate M4 will continue to be calculated and published for analytical purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Monetary aggregate M1 includes currency in circulation and demand deposits. Monetary aggregate M2 is composed of monetary aggregate M1 and short-term deposits, whereas the monetary aggregate M3 (broad money), besides the monetary aggregate M2, includes deposits with maturity from one to two years. Consequently, monetary aggregate M4 contains monetary aggregate M3 and long-term deposits with maturity over two years. For more details see the Methodology at:

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total deposits consist of all deposits included in the monetary aggregate M4.

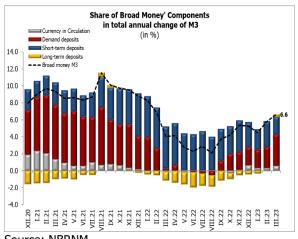


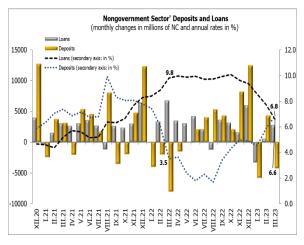
In March, total loans increased by 0.7% and 6.6%, on a monthly and annual basis, respectively. The monthly and annual growth is a result of the increased lending to both sectors, with a more pronounced contribution of household loans.

Table 2. Total loans of the non-government sector

	stoo	cks (in million N	NC)		annu	al changes (	in %)		monthly changes (in %)					
	12.2022	2.2023	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023	
Total Loans	423,114	420,486	423,239	9.8	10.0	9.9	9.4	6.6	1.7	1.0	0.9	1.4	0.7	
of which:														
Corporations	205,974	202,286	203,297	11.9	12.4	12.6	11.5	6.2	2.4	1.1	1.1	2.6	0.5	
In national currency	122,377	119,771	120,029	14.3	11.9	9.3	6.8	1.9	1.8	-0.2	0.9	3.5	0.2	
In foreign currency	83,598	82,516	83,267	8.3	13.3	17.6	19.3	12.9	3.3	3.3	1.5	1.4	0.9	
Households	214,965	215,824	217,462	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.3	6.8	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.8	
In national currency	119,178	119,160	119,896	7.8	7.7	6.8	5.2	4.0	1.1	0.8	0.4	-0.2	0.6	
In foreign currency	95,786	96,664	97,567	8.0	7.6	8.5	10.2	10.6	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	

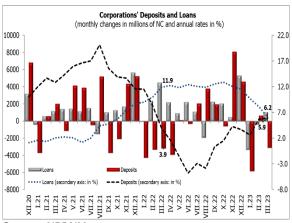
Source: NBRNM.





Source: NBRNM.

### 1. Deposits and loans of the corporate sector<sup>4</sup>

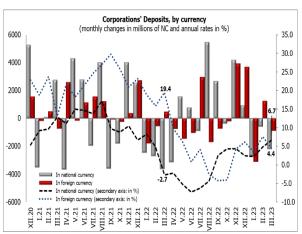


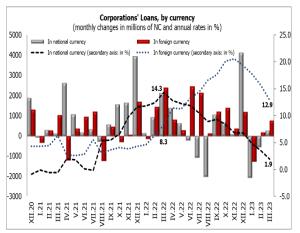
Source: NBRNM.

<sup>4</sup> For the purposes of this press release, corporate sector includes public and private non-financial corporations.



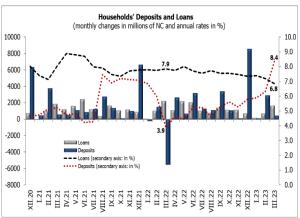
- In March 2023, the total corporate deposits decreased by 2.2% on a monthly basis, mostly as a result of the decrease in the demand deposits, given the decrease also in both short-term and long-term foreign currency deposits, while the short-term denar deposits increased. Compared on an annual basis, corporate deposits increased by 5.9%, as a result of the increase in the short-term foreign currency deposits, demand deposits and short-term deposits in denars, in conditions of decrease in long-term foreign currency deposits.
- In March, corporate loans<sup>5</sup> registered a monthly increase of 0.5%, at an annual growth
  of 6.2%. Analyzed by currency, the increase on both bases is a result of the growth of
  lending in denars and in foreign currency, with a larger contribution by foreign currency
  loans.





Source: NBRNM.

### 2. Deposits and loans of the households<sup>6</sup>



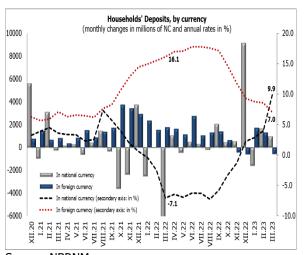
Source: NBRNM.

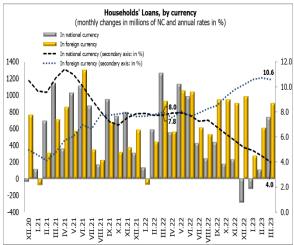
<sup>5</sup> Starting from June 2018, and according to the new methodology, data on financial instruments in denars with FX clause have been included in the foreign currency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For the purposes of this press release, households refer to individuals and self-employed professionals.

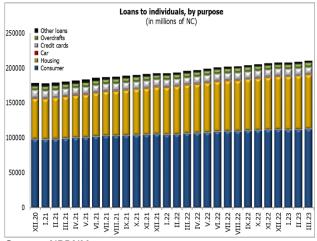


- During this month, **household deposits** registered slight monthly increase of 0.1%, which is primarily due to the increased long-term denar and foreign currency deposits, given positive contribution of demand deposits, as well, in conditions of a decrease in the short-term foreign currency and denar deposits. Annually, household deposits increased by 8.4%, primarily as a result of the higher demand deposits and both long-term and short-term foreign currency deposits.
- In March, household loans increased by 0.8% and 6.8%, on a monthly and annual basis, respectively. The upward monthly and annual change arises from the growth in denar and foreign currency loans, with a more pronounced contribution of foreign currency loans.





Source: NBRNM.



Source: NBRNM.



Table 2. Bank and savings house loans granted to individuals, by purpose

	Stocks	(in millions o	FNC)		annu	al changes (i	n %)		monthly changes (in %)					
	12.2022	2.2023	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023	3.2022	6.2022	9.2022	12.2022	3.2023	
Consumer loans	112,504	112,333	113,304	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.3	6.2	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.9	
Housing loans	75,905	76,818	77,464	15.8	14.9	12.9	12.7	11.7	1.5	1.1	0.9	1.2	0.8	
Car loans	358	354	352	-0.6	6.2	0.8	9.1	9.9	1.2	-0.9	-0.5	-0.2	-0.5	
Credit cards	10,324	10,114	10,150	-4.1	-2.1	-0.1	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	-0.1	-0.9	0.4	
Overdrafts	5,963	6,399	6,430	0.7	1.5	0.0	1.0	-0.2	1.1	0.6	-2.0	-10.2	0.5	
Other loans	2,207	2,150	2,105	-32.9	-35.8	-17.1	-15.5	-16.1	-2.3	-1.4	-1.2	-0.7	-2.1	

Source: NBRNM.

In March 2023, analyzing the purpose of loans granted to individuals, consumer and housing loans, as the most common categories, registered a monthly growth of 0.9% and 0.8%, respectively, amid an annual growth of 6.2% and 11.7%, respectively. This month, car loans decreased by 0.5% on a monthly basis, and increased by 9.9% on an annual basis. In March, loans on credit cards registered an increase on both monthly and annual basis of 0.4% and 0.5%, respectively, while overdrafts increased by 0.5% on a monthly basis, amid an annual fall of 0.2%. In March, the loans granted on other basis decreased by 2.1% on a monthly basis, while declined by 16.1% on an annual basis.

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#### **Supporting information**

Time series of data: Balance sheets and list of depository institutions, monthly data https://www.nbrm.mk/monetarna\_statistika-en.nspx

#### Methodological explanations:

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna\_07\_2018\_eng.pdf

Information on methodological changes in the monetary statistics, the statistics of the other financial corporations and the interest rates statistics:

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/informacii/Informacija\_za\_promeni\_vo\_monetarnat a\_statistika\_eng.pdf



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Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: 19 May 2023 (reference period as of April 2023).

We kindly ask journalists to contact the Governor's Office for any queries.

For more information about the disseminated statistical data, please contact us at: <a href="mailto:contact.statistika@nbrm.mk">contact.statistika@nbrm.mk</a> or phone: 02 3108 430 or 02/3215-235 extension 108/110.