

Skopje, 21 November 2022

Press Release

Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: October 2022

In October 2022, the broad money (monetary aggregate M3^{1,2}) remained at the level of the previous month. Regarding the components, growth was registered in long-term deposits up to two years, with a moderate increase in short-term deposits and demand deposits. Decrease was registered only in currency in circulation. On an annual basis, the broad money increased by 4.2%, which is due to the increased short-term deposits and demand deposits, given the fall in long-term deposits up to two years and currency in circulation.

| | stocks (in millions of NC) | | | | | annual changes (in %) | | | | | | monthly changes (in %) | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|--------|------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|--------|---------|
| | 3.2021 | 6.2021 | 9.2021 | 12.2021 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 | 3.2021 | 6.2021 | 9.2021 | 12.2021 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 |
| Broad Money M4 | 491,717 | 500,202 | 507,536 | 521,005 | 522,217 | 522,777 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 7.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| Broad Money M3 | 441,478 | 451,639 | 460,723 | 474,753 | 477,946 | 477,913 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 10.1 | 8.8 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency in Circulation | 43,350 | 43,604 | 44,951 | 44,480 | 44,648 | 43,315 | 14.4 | 6.0 | 7.9 | 1.8 | -0.7 | -3.1 | -0.3 | -3.0 |
| Total Deposits | 439,343 | 447,237 | 453,469 | 468,649 | 468,920 | 470,940 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| of which: | | (| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporations | 122,085 | 128,970 | 130,048 | 137,557 | 130,519 | 129,959 | 12.9 | 16.7 | 15.6 | 11.6 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | -0.4 |
| In national currency | 85,618 | 88,994 | 87,402 | 92,116 | 89,669 | 89,302 | 12.8 | 14.7 | 9.7 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 3.1 | -0.4 |
| In foreign currency | 36,467 | 39,976 | 42,646 | 45,441 | 40,850 | 40,657 | 13.0 | 21.4 | 29.8 | 23.2 | -4.2 | -4.1 | -1.7 | -0.5 |
| Households | 289,941 | 292,359 | 297,702 | 305,407 | 313,420 | 314,479 | 5.2 | | 6.9 | 7.1 | 5.3 | | 1.1 | 0.3 |
| In national currency | 152,839 | 152,597 | 154,062 | | 145,187 | 145,607 | 3.6 | | 5.7 | 0.5 | -5.8 | | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| In foreign currency | 137,102 | 139,762 | 143,640 | 153,585 | 168,233 | 168,872 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 14.4 | 17.1 | 14.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Total Loans | 361,561 | 370,862 | 375,116 | 386,884 | 412,346 | 415,484 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporations | 171,117 | 175,067 | 176,093 | | 198,210 | 200,238 | 2.1 | | however ward and | | 12.6 | | | 1.0 |
| In national currency | 103,024 | 106,876 | 107,485 | | 117,523 | 118,173 | -0.6 | | 5.5 | 11.6 | 9.3 | | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| In foreign currency | 68,093 | 68,191 | 68,608 | 70,053 | 80,687 | 82,065 | 6.3 | | 3.7 | 4.3 | 17.6 | 20.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Households | 188,697 | 193,906 | 197,127 | 200,249 | 212,017 | 213,137 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.6 | | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| In national currency | 106,994 | 109,484 | 111,470 | | 119,058 | 119,234 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 7.2 | 7.9 | 6.8 | | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| In foreign currency | 81,703 | 84,422 | 85,657 | 86,932 | 92,959 | 93,903 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 9.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

Table 1. Total deposits and loans^{3,4} of the non-government sector

Source: NBRNM.

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija_monetarna_07_2018_eng.pdf

¹ The National Bank has been using the monetary aggregate M3 as a new standard definition of broad money since June 2018. The monetary aggregate M4 will continue to be calculated and published for analytical purposes.

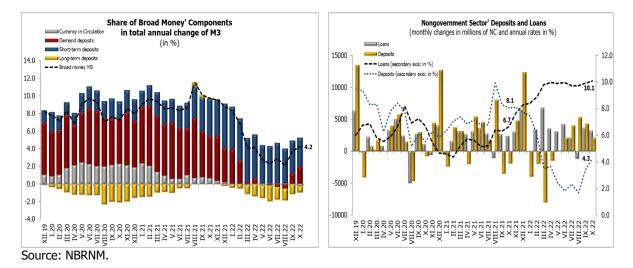
² Monetary aggregate M1 includes currency in circulation and demand deposits. Monetary aggregate M2 is composed of monetary aggregate M1 and short-term deposits, whereas the monetary aggregate M3 (broad money), besides the monetary aggregate M2, includes deposits with maturity from one to two years. Consequently, monetary aggregate M4 contains monetary aggregate M3 and long-term deposits with maturity over two years. For more details see the Methodology at:

³ The annual loan rates since July 2019 have been influenced by the National Bank's measure for writing-off of claims fully covered for more than a year.

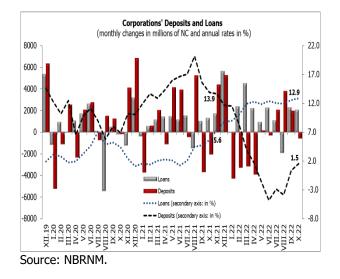
⁴ Data on monetary aggregates and total deposits and loans as of August 2020 do not include data on a bank whose founding and operating license was revoked and who went into bankruptcy in August 2020.



- In October, total deposits⁵ registered a monthly growth of 0.4%, which, given the decline in corporate deposits, is entirely due to the growth of household deposits. On an annual basis, total deposits increased by 4.3%, largely due to the growth of household deposits.
- In October, total loans⁶ registered a monthly growth of 0.8%, amid annual growth of 10.1%. Moreover, the increase on a monthly and annual level is due to the increased lending to both sectors, with a more pronounced contribution of the corporate sector.



1. Deposits and loans of the corporate sector⁷



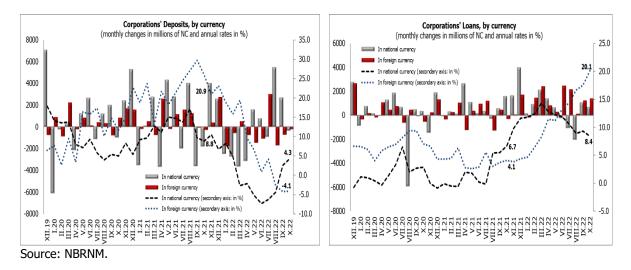
⁵ Total deposits consist of all deposits included in the monetary aggregate M4.

⁶ On 9 August 2018, the National Bank Council adopted the Decision on the methodology for credit risk management (Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No. 149/18) that requires from banks to transfer from the on-balance sheet to the offbalance sheet records (and to continue to transfer) all claims that have been fully booked for more than one year. The Decision on the methodology for credit risk management has been applied since 1 July 2019, with the base effect being exhausted as of July 2020. Hence, the difference in the annual growth rates of loans with and without the effect of write offs are insignificant, and therefore these comparisons have been discontinued as of the August release.

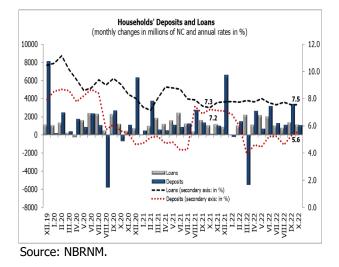
⁷ For the purposes of this press release, corporate sector includes public and private non-financial corporations.



- In October, total corporate deposits decreased by 0.4%, on a monthly basis. The monthly fall is largely due to the decreased short-term foreign currency deposits, amid a decline in both demand deposits and long-term denar deposits, while other components increased. Annually, these deposits registered a growth of 1.5%, which is primarily due to higher demand deposits, amid lower growth in short-term denar deposits and foreign currency deposits and foreign currency deposits, given the fall in long-term foreign currency deposits and denar deposits.
- This month, corporate loans⁸ grew by 1.0% on a monthly basis, amid annual growth of 12.9%. The upward monthly and annual change is due to the growth in denar and foreign currency lending, which is more pronounced in foreign currency loans.



2. Deposits and loans of the households⁹

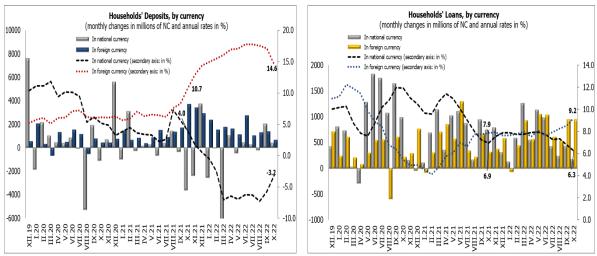


⁸ Starting from June 2018, and according to the new methodology, data on financial instruments in denars with FX clause have been included in the foreign currency.

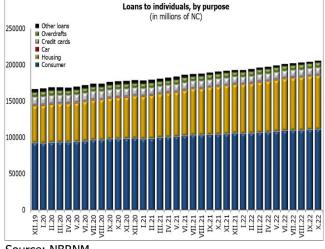
⁹ For the purposes of this press release, households refer to individuals and self-employed professionals.



- In October, **household deposits** grew by 0.3% on a monthly basis, due to the increase in long-term foreign currency deposits, demand deposits and long-term denar deposits, while short-term foreign currency deposits and denar deposits declined. Compared to the same period of the previous year, household deposits increased by 5.6%, primarily due to the increase in short-term foreign currency deposits, amid additional positive contribution of both demand deposits and long-term foreign currency deposits, while long-term and short-term denar deposits decreased.
- This month, **household loans** registered a monthly growth of 0.5%, which largely resulted from the increased lending in foreign currency. On an annual basis, household loans increased by 7.5%, amid growth of denar and foreign currency loans, with a larger contribution of foreign currency loans.



Source: NBRNM.



Source: NBRNM.



| | Stocks (in millions of NC) | | | | | annual changes (in %) | | | | | | monthly changes (in %) | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|------------------------|--------|---------|
| | 3.2021 | 6.2021 | 9.2021 | 12.2021 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 | 3.2021 | 6.2021 | 9.2021 | 12.2021 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 | 9.2022 | 10.2022 |
| Consumer loans | 99,662 | 102,442 | 103,819 | 105,797 | 110,758 | 111,258 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Housing loans | 59,901 | 62,384 | 65,006 | 67,353 | 73,377 | 74,209 | 13.1 | 14.7 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| Car loans | 322 | 316 | 325 | 328 | 328 | 337 | -4.3 | -2.2 | -0.9 | -0.1 | 0.8 | 2.3 | -0.5 | 2.9 |
| Credit cards | 10,539 | 10,488 | 10,378 | 10,253 | 10,365 | 10,418 | -8.9 | -8.9 | -10.9 | -8.5 | -0.1 | 0.9 | -0.1 | 0.5 |
| Overdrafts | 6,399 | 6,419 | 6,470 | 5,907 | 6,474 | 6,466 | -1.5 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 0.0 | -1.6 | -2.0 | -0.1 |
| Other loans | 3,736 | 3,687 | 2,766 | 2,611 | 2,292 | 2,265 | -5.8 | -6.6 | -29.3 | -32.5 | -17.1 | -17.0 | -1.2 | -1.1 |

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Source: NBRNM.

In October, analyzing the purpose of loans to individuals, the most common categoriesconsumer and housing loans registered a monthly growth of 0.5% and 1.1%, respectively, amid annual growth of 6.7% and 13.0%, respectively. Car loans increased on a monthly and annual basis by 2.9% and 2.3%, respectively, while credit card loans registered a monthly and annual growth of 0.5% and 0.9%, respectively. In October, overdrafts registered a minimal monthly fall of 0.1%, amid annual decline of 1.6%, while loans granted on other basis decreased by 1.1% and 17.0% on a monthly and annual basis, respectively.

Supporting information

Time series of data: Balance sheets and list of depository institutions, monthly data <u>https://www.nbrm.mk/monetarna_statistika-en.nspx</u>

Methodological explanations:

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna_07_2018_eng.pdf

Information on methodological changes in the monetary statistics, the statistics of the other financial corporations and the interest rates statistics:

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/informacii/Informacija_za_promeni_vo_monetarnat a_statistika_eng.pdf

¹⁰In October 2022, consumer and car loans data were revised for the period September 2018 – July 2022, according to new data obtained from the reporting entities.



Next publications: Advance Release Calendar

https://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/kalendar/Advance_Release_Calendar.pdf

Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: 21 December 2022 (reference period as of November 2022).

We kindly ask journalists to contact the Governor's Office for any queries.

For more information about the disseminated statistical data, please contact us at: <u>contact.statistika@nbrm.mk</u> or phone: 02 3108 430 or 02/3215-235 extension 108/110.