

Skopje, 21 April 2021

Press Release

Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: March 2021

In March 2021, broad money (monetary aggregate M3^{1,2}) registered a monthly growth of 0.9%, mainly due to the higher demand deposits³, with an additional positive contribution of the other components. The annual growth rate amounted to 9.4% and was mostly due to the increase in demand deposits, with a positive impact of short-term deposits and currency in circulation, amid a decline in long-term deposits up to two years.

Table 1. Total deposits and loans^{4,5} of the non-government sector

| Table 1. I | otal u | eposit | s anu | ioaris |) OI | uie ii | Ji i-go | verriiri | EIIL S | ectoi | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | stocks (in mi | illions of NC) | | | | | monthly changes (in %) | | | | | |
| | 3.2020 | 6.2020 | 9.2020 | 12.2020 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 | 3.2020 | 6.2020 | 9.2020 | 12.2020 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 |
| Broad Money M4 | 455,834 | 468,912 | 469,050 | 486,989 | 488,223 | 491,717 | 8.9 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Broad Money M3 | 403,714 | 416,935 | 418,556 | 436,231 | 437,578 | 441,478 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Currency in Circulation | 37,891 | 41,125 | 41,667 | 43,701 | 43,293 | 43,350 | 21.3 | 26.3 | 24.9 | 21.0 | 23.2 | 14.4 | -0.3 | 0.1 |
| Total Deposits | 409 200 | 418,916 | 418 644 | 434 O15 | 436 236 | 430 343 | 8,3 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| of which: | 403,200 | 410,510 | 710,077 | 737,313 | 130,230 | בדכוכבד | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | J. J. | / · · · | /.7 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| Corporations | 108,138 | 110.550 | 112,505 | 123,212 | 120,083 | 122,085 | 12.5 | 11.2 | 8.0 | 10.1 | 13.7 | 12.9 | 0.5 | 1.7 |
| In national currency | 75,876 | } | 79,641 | 86,323 | 82,885 | ···· | | 9.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | | | | 3.3 |
| In foreign currency | 32,261 | 32,941 | 32,865 | 36,889 | 37,198 | 36,467 | 9.5 | 15.9 | 14.9 | 22.8 | 23.7 | 13.0 | 1.3 | -2.0 |
| Households | 275,574 | 280,512 | 278,469 | 285,216 | 289,395 | 289,941 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 1.3 | 0.2 |
| In national currency | 147,532 | 149,204 | 145,806 | 150,991 | 153,096 | 152,839 | 11.9 | 10.1 | 6.2 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 2.1 | -0.2 |
| In foreign currency | 128,042 | 131,309 | 132,663 | 134,225 | 136,299 | 137,102 | 5.1 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Total Loans | 343,702 | 352,718 | 352,824 | 357,296 | 358,476 | 361,561 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| of which: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporations | 167,654 | ()(| 168,086 | | | ```` | 1.8 | | | 1.1 | 1.4 | | 0.3 | |
| In national currency | 103,597 | 106,688 | 101,925 | | | \$ | 0.4 | 3.3 | 2.7 | -0.9 | | L | | |
| In foreign currency | 64,057 | 66,290 | 66,161 | 67,138 | 67,069 | 68,093 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 9.3 | 4.3 | | | 0.4 | 1.5 |
| Households | 174,634 | j | 183,431 | 185,814 | 186,847 | 188,697 | 10.1 | 8.8 | 9.5 | 8.0 | | | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| In national currency | 96,643 | 99,469 | 103,939 | 105,049 | 105,852 | 106,994 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 12.0 | 10.5 | | | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| In foreign currency | 77,990 | 78,916 | 79,492 | 80,765 | 80,995 | 81,703 | 11.9 | 8.9 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 0.9 |

Source: NBRNM.

¹ The National Bank has been using the monetary aggregate M3 as a new standard definition of broad money since June 2018. The monetary aggregate M4 will continue to be calculated and published for analytical purposes.

² Monetary aggregate M1 includes currency in circulation and demand deposits. Monetary aggregate M2 is composed of monetary aggregate M1 and short-term deposits, whereas the monetary aggregate M3 (broad money), besides the monetary aggregate M2, includes deposits with maturity from one to two years. Consequently, monetary aggregate M4 contains monetary aggregate M3 and long-term deposits with maturity over two years. For more details see the Methodology at: http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf

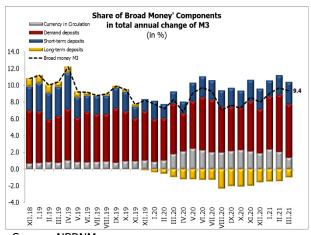
³ Demand deposits refer to current accounts with banks and savings houses and current accounts of other financial corporations with the National Bank.

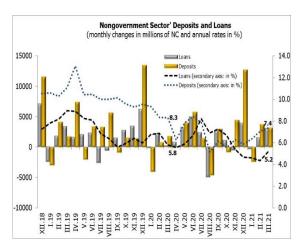
⁴ The annual loan rates since July 2019 have been influenced by the National Bank's measure for writing-off of claims fully covered for more than a year.

⁵ Data on monetary aggregates and total deposits and loans as of August 2020 do not include data on a bank whose founding and operating license was revoked and who went into bankruptcy in August 2020.



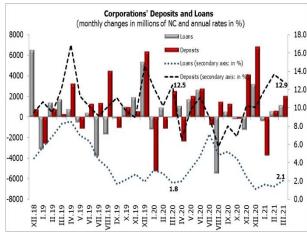
- In March, total deposits⁶ registered a monthly growth of 0.7% with a greater contribution of corporate deposits, with a smaller, but positive contribution of household deposits. On an annual basis, total deposits increased by 7.4%, with an almost equal contribution of deposits in both sectors.
- In March, total loans⁷ increased by 0.9% and 5.2%, on a monthly and annual basis, respectively, amid increased lending to both sectors, with a greater contribution of the household sector.





Source: NBRNM.

1. Deposits and loans of the corporate sector⁸



Source: NBRNM.

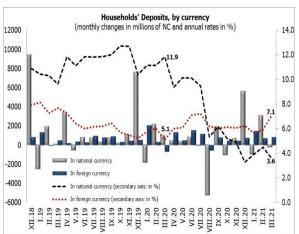
⁶ Total deposits consist of all deposits included in the monetary aggregate M4.

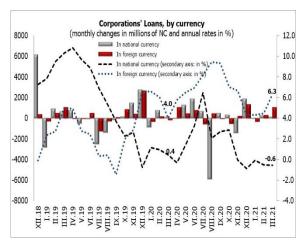
⁷ On 9 August 2018, the National Bank Council adopted the Decision on the methodology for credit risk management (Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No. 149/18) that requires from banks to transfer (and to continue to transfer) from onbalance sheet to off-balance sheet records all claims that have been fully booked for more than a year. The Decision on the methodology for credit risk management has been applied since 1 July 2019, with the base effect being exhausted as of July 2020. Hence, the difference in the annual growth rates of loans with and without the effect of write offs are insignificant, and therefore these comparisons have been discontinued as of the August release.

⁸ For the purposes of this press release, corporate sector includes public and private non-financial corporations.



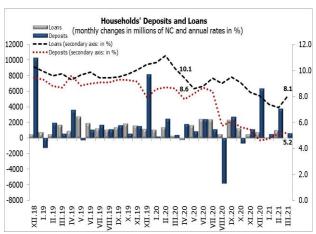
- In March, total corporate deposits registered a monthly growth of 1.7%. The upward change is mostly due to the increase in demand deposits, amid a slower growth in long-term and short-term deposits in denars, given the decline in short-term and long-term deposits in foreign currency. The annual growth rate amounted to 12.9%, mainly under the influence of the higher demand deposits, with an additional positive contribution of short-term and long-term deposits in foreign currency, given the decline in the other components.
- In March, corporate loans⁹ increased by 0.7% on a monthly basis, mainly as a result of the lending in foreign currency, with a positive contribution of denar loans. Compared to the same period last year, corporate loans increased by 2.1%, entirely as a result of the growth of foreign currency loans.





Source: NBRNM.

2. Deposits and loans of the households¹⁰



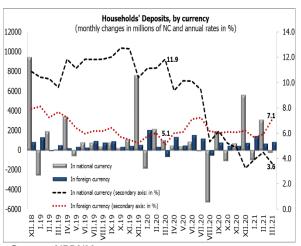
Source: NBRNM.

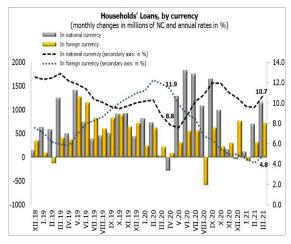
⁹ Starting from June 2018, and according to the new methodology, data on financial instruments in denars with FX clause have been included in the foreign currency.

¹⁰ For the purposes of this press release, households refer to individuals and self-employed professionals.



- In March, total **household deposits** registered a monthly increase of 0.2%, entirely under the influence of short-term deposits in foreign currency, given the decline in the other components. On an annual basis, household deposits increased by 5.2%, as a result of the increase in demand deposits and short-term deposits in foreign currency, amid fall in other components.
- In March, household loans registered monthly and annual growth of 1.0% and 8.1%, respectively. The increase on both bases is mostly due to the lending in denars, but an additional positive contribution is also made by foreign currency loans.





Source: NBRNM.

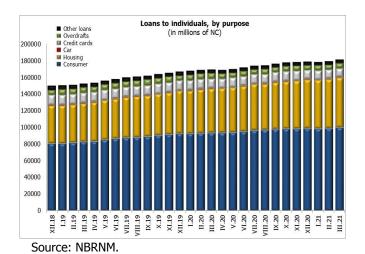


Table 2. Bank and savings house loans granted to individuals, by purpose



| | Stocks (in millions of NC) | | | | | | | annual changes (in %) | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 3.2020 | 6.2020 | 9.2020 | 12.2020 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 | 3.2020 | 6.2020 | 9.2020 | 12.2020 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 | 2.2021 | 3.2021 |
| Consumer loans | 93,440 | 94,982 | 97,850 | 98,772 | 98,601 | 99,721 | 13.5 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 6.9 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Housing loans | 52,959 | 54,392 | 55,985 | 58,306 | 59,229 | 59,901 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Car loans | 306 | 292 | 291 | 282 | 267 | 263 | -4.1 | -8.6 | -7.9 | -10.9 | -13.0 | -14.0 | -3.3 | -1.5 |
| Credit cards | 11,570 | 11,508 | 11,649 | 11,205 | 10,644 | 10,539 | -4.5 | -4.2 | -2.6 | -6.1 | -9.2 | -8.9 | -2.3 | -1.0 |
| Overdrafts | 6,499 | 6,205 | 6,280 | 5,818 | 6,258 | 6,399 | -4.8 | -9.4 | -10.8 | -5.0 | -9.3 | -1.5 | -1.5 | 2.3 |
| Other loans | 3,969 | 3,946 | 3,912 | 3,871 | 3,763 | 3,736 | -6.7 | -6.4 | -6.7 | -6.0 | -6.7 | -5.8 | -1.0 | -0.7 |

Source: NBRNM.

In March, considering the purpose of loans granted to individuals, consumer and housing loans, as the most common categories, registered monthly growth of 1.1%, respectively, as well as annual growth of 6.7% and 13.1%, respectively. Car loans registered a monthly and annual decrease of 1.5% and 14.0%, respectively. This month, loans on credit cards also registered a monthly and annual decline of 1.0% and 8.9%, respectively. In March, overdrafts increased by 2.3% on a monthly level, while on an annual level, they decreased by 1.5%. In March, loans granted on other basis registered a monthly and annual decline of 0.7% and 5.8%, respectively.

Supporting information

Time series of data: Balance sheets and list of depository institutions, monthly data http://www.nbrm.mk/monetarna_statistika-en.nspx

Methodological explanations:

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/Monetarna%20statistika/metodologija/Metodologija monetarna 07 2018 eng.pdf

Information on methodological changes in the monetary statistics, the statistics of the other financial corporations and the interest rates statistics:

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/informacii/Informacija_za_promeni_vo_monetarnata_statistika_eng.pdf



Next publications: Advance Release Calendar

http://www.nbrm.mk/content/statistika/kalendar/Advance_Release_Calendar.pdf

Monetary developments in the Republic of North Macedonia: 21 May 2021 (reference period as of April 2021).

We kindly ask journalists to contact the Governor's Office for any queries.

For more information about the disseminated statistical data, please contact us at: contact.statistika@nbrm.mk or phone: 02 3215 181 extension 116 (or 110/108).